

State of Misconsin **LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU**

Appendix A ... segment XIII

LRB BILL HISTORY RESEARCH APPENDIX

The drafting file for 2011 LRB-1066 (For: Rep. Galloway)

has been transfered to the drafting file for

2011 LRB-2027 (For: Rep. Galloway)

Are These "Companion Bills" ?? ... No

RESEARCH APPENDIX -PLEASE KEEP WITH THE DRAFTING FILE

Date Transfer Requested: 05/04/2011 (Per: CMH)

The attached attached draft was incorporated into the new and draft listed above. For research purposes, this cover sheet and the attached drafting file were copied, and added, as a appendix, to the new drafting file. If introduced this section will be scanned and added, as a separate appendix, to the electronic drafting file folder.



State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE



0:00 U.W.

2011 BILL

pyrial

AN ACT to repeal 941.237 (4) and 948.605 (2) (b) 1. to 5. and 7.; to renumber 167.30, 941.295 (1), 943.13 (1e) (a) and 947.01; to renumber and amend 23.33 (3) (e), 29.089 (2), 29.091, 29.314 (4) (b) 1., 29.621 (4), 440.26 (3m), 941.23, 941.235 (2), 941.295 (2) (d), 941.295 (4), 943.13 (2), 948.605 (2) (b) 6. and 948.605 (2) (b) 8.; to amend 48.685 (2) (bb), 50.065 (2) (bb), 59.54 (6), 66.0409 (3) (b), 165.60, 165.81 (2), 165.82 (1) (intro.), 165.82 (2), 167.31 (1) (b), 167.31 (2) (a), 167.31 (2) (b), 167.31 (3) (a), 167.31 (4) (cm), 813.12 (6) (am) 1., 813.122 (9) (am) 1., 813.125 (5r) (a), 895.527 (5) (a), 938.396 (2g) (n), 939.22 (10), 941.295 (2) (intro.), 943.13 (1m) (b), 943.13 (3), 947.011 (2) (a) 1., 947.011 (2) (c) 1., 947.011 (2) (d), 948.60 (1), 948.605 (2) (b) (intro.), 968.255 (1) (a) 2., 971.37 (1m) (a) 2. and 973.055 (1) (a) 1.; to repeal and recreate 29.314 (3) (b) 1.; and to create 20.455 (2) (gs), 23.33 (3) (e) 1., 23.33 (3) (e) 2., 23.33 (3) (e) 3., 23.33 (3) (e) 4., 29.089 (2) (a), 29.089 (2) (b), 29.089 (2) (c), 29.089 (2) (d), 29.091 (2), 29.314 (4) (b) 1g., 29.621 (4) (a), 29.621 (4) (b), 29.621 (4) (c), 29.621 (4) (d), 29.621 (6),

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66.0409 (6), 165.25 (12), 167.30 (2), 167.31 (4) (ar), 167.31 (4) (at), 175.48, 175.49, 175.60, 440.26 (3m) (a), 440.26 (3m) (b), 440.26 (3m) (c), 440.26 (3m) (d), 941.23 (1), 941.23 (2) (b), 941.23 (2) (c), 941.23 (2) (d), 941.23 (2) (e), 941.23 (3), 941.235 (2) (c), 941.235 (2) (d), 941.235 (2) (e), 941.237 (3) (cr), 941.237 (3) (ct), 941.237 (3) (cx), 941.295 (1c) (b) and (c), 941.295 (2) (d) 2., 941.295 (2g), 941.295 (2r), 943.13 (1e) (aL), 943.13 (1e) (bm), 943.13 (1e) (cm), 943.13 (1e) (g), 943.13 (1m) (c), 943.13 (2) (bm), 946.71, 947.01 (2) and 948.605 (2) (b) 1m. of the statutes; **relating to:** carrying a concealed weapon, licenses authorizing persons to carry concealed weapons, possessing or transporting a firearm, bow, or crossbow under certain circumstances, disorderly conduct limitations, photographic identification cards for former law enforcement officers, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, requiring the exercise of rule—making authority, making an appropriation, and providing penalties.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill creates a licensing system under which an individual is permitted to carry a concealed weapon. The bill also makes changes in Wisconsin law to account for a federal law that requires the state to permit an individual who works as or who has retired from working as a federal, state, tribal, or local law enforcement officer in Wisconsin or in any other state to carry a concealed firearm. This bill also makes changes to laws regulating firearms and other weapons.

CURRENT LAW REGARDING THE POSSESSION OF WEAPONS

Wisconsin law

In general, under current Wisconsin law, no person may go armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon. The "going armed with" language includes cases in which a person is carrying a concealed weapon but has not gone and is not going anywhere with it and cases in which a weapon is readily accessible to a person in a car. A person who violates the prohibition may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than nine months or both. Wisconsin law provides an exception for law enforcement officers. In addition, under *State v. Hamdan*, 2003 WI 113, 264 Wis. 2d 433, this prohibition is unconstitutional if applied to a person

carrying a concealed weapon at his or her own business when: 1) the person's interest in carrying a concealed weapon substantially outweighs the state's interest in enforcing the concealed weapons law; 2) the person has no other reasonable means to keep and handle the weapon; and 3) the person is not motivated by an unlawful purpose in concealing it. In *Hamdan*, the court also indicated that the constitutional right to keep and bear arms for security allows a person to carry a concealed weapon under certain circumstances in his or her own home.

Current Wisconsin law also prohibits, with certain exceptions, going armed with or possessing a firearm in a public building, tavern, state park, or wildlife refuge or within 1,000 feet of the grounds of a school. In addition, current Wisconsin law prohibits, with certain exceptions, carrying a firearm, bow, or crossbow in most vehicles unless the firearm is unloaded and encased or the bow or crossbow is unstrung and encased. Moreover, no person may operate or go armed with a firearm while under the influence of an intoxicant. A person who violates one of these prohibitions is subject to civil or criminal penalties.

Federal law

Under federal law, qualified law enforcement officers and qualified retired law enforcement officers may carry concealed firearms that have been shipped or transported in interstate or foreign commerce, regardless of any state prohibition.

Federal law specifies the criteria that a person must meet to be a qualified law enforcement officer or a qualified retired law enforcement officer. To be the former, a person must: 1) be employed by a government agency; 2) be a law enforcement officer; 3) be authorized by the agency to carry a firearm; 4) not be the subject of any disciplinary action by the agency; 5) not be under the influence of alcohol or other drugs; 6) not be prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm; and 7) meet all standards, if any, established by the agency to qualify the person on a regular basis to use a firearm. For a person to be a qualified retired law enforcement officer, all of the following must apply: 1) the person retired in good standing from service with a government agency as a law enforcement officer, other than for reasons of mental instability; 2) before retirement, the person was regularly employed as a law enforcement officer for an aggregate of 15 years or more or retired after completing any applicable probationary period; 3) the person has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the agency's retirement plan; 4) the person is not under the influence of alcohol or other drugs; 5) the person is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm; and 6) during the most recent 12-month period, the person has met his or her home state's standards for training and qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry a firearm.

Under federal law, if a person is a qualified law enforcement officer, the prohibition contained in Wisconsin law regarding going armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon does not apply to his or her going armed with a concealed firearm if the person carries a photographic identification issued by the agency for which he or she works. If the person is a qualified retired law enforcement officer, the prohibition does not apply to his or her going armed with a concealed firearm if the person carries either: 1) a photographic identification issued by the agency from which the person retired as a law enforcement officer that indicates that, within the



preceding 12 months, the agency has tested the person or otherwise found that he or she meets its standards for training and qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry the type of firearm that the qualified retired law enforcement officer is carrying concealed; or 2) both of the following: a) a photographic identification issued by the agency from which the person retired as a law enforcement officer; and b) a certification issued by the state in which the person resides that indicates that, within the preceding 12 months, the state has tested the person or otherwise found that he or she meets its standards for training and qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry the type of firearm that the qualified retired law enforcement officer is carrying concealed. Federal law also specifies that a state may: 1) permit private persons or entities to bar the possession of concealed firearms on their own property; and 2) prohibit or restrict the possession of firearms on any state or local government property, installation, base, building, or park.

HOW THE BILL CHANGES WISCONSIN'S CONCEALED WEAPONS LAW

Carrying a concealed weapon in your own home or business

This bill permits a person to go armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon in his or her own home or place of business or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies.

Licenses to carry a concealed weapon

This bill creates a procedure by which a person may apply to the Department of Justice (DOJ) for a license to carry a concealed weapon. Specifically, the license authorizes a person to carry a concealed weapon (a handgun, an electric weapon, a knife other than a switchblade, or a billy club) anywhere in this state except in particular places. Accordingly, the bill amends other prohibitions relating to the use and possession of firearms that are discussed above (see Current Law regarding the possession of weapons, *Wisconsin law*) to specify that they generally do not apply to licensees.

A person licensed under the bill is generally prohibited from carrying a concealed weapon or a weapon that is not concealed in a police station, sheriff's office, or state patrol station; in a prison or jail; in a courthouse; on school premises, which include the school building, the school grounds, and any administration building; and beyond the security checkpoint at an airport. A business owner or person in his or her own home may prohibit a licensee from carrying a concealed weapon into the business or home, an employer generally may prohibit an employee from carrying a concealed weapon in the course of the employee's employment, and the state or a political subdivision of the state may prohibit a licensee from carrying a concealed weapon into a building that is owned, occupied, or controlled by the state or political subdivision.

Licensing requirements and procedure

Under the bill, DOJ must issue or renew a license to carry a concealed weapon to an applicant who is a resident of Wisconsin unless the applicant is less than 21 years old or is prohibited from to possessing a firearm under federal or state law. DOJ

must conduct a background check of an applicant for a license or for a license renewal to determine if he or she is ineligible for a license.

Furthermore, the bill does all of the following:

1. Provides that, with certain exceptions, a license to carry a concealed weapon is valid for five years.

2. Requires each circuit court to notify DOJ of any court proceeding that would result in a suspension or revocation of a license if the subject of the proceeding had a license. DOJ must determine if the subject of such proceeding has a license and, if the subject does, DOJ must revoke the license if the subject is no longer eligible to have a license or suspend the license if the subject, after being charged with a misdemeanor, is ordered by the court not to possess a firearm.

3. Allows an individual who requires a license immediately to petition a court for such a license. A court may grant a license, which is valid for 30 days, if the court determines that immediate licensure is warranted to protect the individual from death or great bodily harm.

4. Provides an appeals process for a person whose application for a license is

denied or whose license is suspended or revoked.

5. Requires DOJ to keep a list of licensees but specifies that DOJ may provide information from that list regarding a specific licensee only to law enforcement agencies and only in certain circumstances.

6. Requires a person who applies for a license to pay a \$13 background check fee and an application fee of up to \$52 to cover DOJ's costs in issuing the license. A person who applies to renew his or her license must pay the same background check fee and a renewal fee of up to \$27 to cover DOJ's costs in renewing the license.

- 7. Grants immunity from liability for acts done in good faith under the bill to DOJ, the Department of Transportation, and the employees of both departments; various court employees; businesses, nonprofit organizations, or individuals that do not prohibit persons from carrying concealed weapons on their property; and employers that do not prohibit employees from carrying concealed weapons during the course of employment.
- 8. Treats a permit, license, approval, or other authorization issued by another state in the same manner as a license issued under this bill if the individual who possesses the authorization submitted to a background check.

Penalties for certain offenses related to weapons

The bill establishes penalties for offenses that relate to concealed weapons or that are committed by licensees. First, a licensee who fails to carry his or her license document or photographic identification, or to display either upon the request of a law enforcement officer, while the person is carrying a concealed weapon, may be required to forfeit \$25. Second, a licensee who, for a second or subsequent time, or an individual whose license is suspended or revoked who fails to notify DOJ of a change in address within 30 days of the change may be required to forfeit \$50. Third, a licensee who carries a concealed weapon in a place where the bill prohibits him or her from doing so may be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned for not more than 30 days or both. Fourth, a person who intentionally fails to relinquish a license document to DOJ after the license has been revoked must be fined not less than \$500

30 days, or both

nor more than \$10,000 may be imprisoned for not more than aire months. Fifth, a person who intentionally makes a false statement in an application for a license may be charged with false swearing, a Class H felony.

The bill also prohibits an individual from intentionally representing that an invalid license to carry a concealed weapon is valid, from selling, lending, or allowing another individual to use his or her license, from representing that a license belongs to the individual if it has not been issued to him or her, from permitting unlawful use of his or her license, from reproducing a license for unlawful purposes, or from altering a license. A person who violates one of these prohibitions is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than nine months, or both.

Active duty and former law enforcement officers

Under the bill, DOJ must provide a qualified former law enforcement officer upon his or her request, an identification card that, in combination with a photographic identification issued by the former officer's former employer, permits the former officer to carry a concealed firearm. The identification card that DOJ issues must indicate that DOJ has found that the former officer has met the standards for qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry a revolver or a semiautomatic pistol and the date on which DOJ made that finding. DOJ may charge a former officer a fee to cover the costs of issuing an identification card and determining his or her eligibility.

The bill requires an active duty or former law enforcement officer who is carrying a concealed firearm to carry also the documentation that, under federal law, qualifies him or her to do so. A person who violates this requirement is subject to a forfeiture of not more than \$25.

OTHER LAWS REGARDING WEAPONS

This bill specifies that an individual does not violate the prohibition against disorderly conduct, or does not violate any local ordinance prohibiting disorderly conduct, by loading, carrying, or going armed with a handgun without regard to whether the handgun is loaded or whether the handgun is concealed or openly carried.

This bill also makes changes to the laws that impose restrictions on persons who carry a firearm, bow, or crossbow in certain vehicles. The bill eliminates the requirement that a bow or crossbow be unstrung and encased in order to be carried in a vehicle. The bill also allows a qualified active duty or former law enforcement officer to carry a loaded and unencased firearm in a vehicle and, in addition, allows a licensee to do so provided that the licensee's firearm is a handgun.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report concerning the proposed penalty and the costs or savings that are likely to result if the bill is enacted.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. 20.005 (3) (schedule) of the statutes: at the appropriate place, insert
2	the following amounts for the purposes indicated:
3	2011-12 2012-13
4	20.455 Justice, department of
5	(2) Law enforcement services
6	(gs) Background check for licenses to
7	carry concealed weapons PR C -00-
8	Section 2. 20.455 (2) (gs) of the statutes is created to read:
9	20.455 (2) (gs) Background check for licenses to carry concealed weapons. All
10	moneys received as fee payments under s. 175.60 (7) (c) and (d) and (15) (b) 4. a. and
11	b. to provide services under s. 175.60.
12	Section 3. 23.33 (3) (e) of the statutes is renumbered 23.33 (3) (e) (intro.) and
13	amended to read:
14	23.33 (3) (e) (intro.) With any firearm in his or her possession unless it is
15	unloaded and enclosed in a carrying case, or any bow unless it is unstrung or enclosed
16	in a carrying case. This paragraph does not apply to any of the following:
17	Section 4. 23.33 (3) (e) 1. of the statutes is created to read:
18	23.33 (3) (e) 1. A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a
19	law enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
20	Section 5. 23.33 (3) (e) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

1	23.33 (3) (e) 2. A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in
2	s. 941.23 (1) (e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
3	Section 6. 23.33 (3) (e) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
4	23.33 (3) (e) 3. A former law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c),
5	to whom s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 5. applies.
6	Section 7. 23.33 (3) (e) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
7	23.33 (3) (e) 4. A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
8	licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), who possesses a handgun, as defined in s.
9	175.60 (1) (bm).
10	Section 8. 29.089 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 29.089 (2) (intro.) and
11	amended to read:
12	29.089 (2) (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (3), no person may have in his or
13	her possession or under his or her control a firearm on land located in state parks or
14	state fish hatcheries unless the firearm is unloaded and enclosed within a carrying
15	case. This subsection does not apply to any of the following:
16	Section 9. 29.089 (2) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
17	29.089 (2) (a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a
18	law enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
19	Section 10. 29.089 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
20	29.089 (2) (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s.
21	941.23 (1) (e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
22	SECTION 11. 29.089 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
23	29.089 (2) (c) A former law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c),
24	to whom s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 5. applies.
25	Section 12. 29.089 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

1	29.089 (2) (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
2	licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the firearm is a handgun, as defined in s.
3	175.60 (1) (bm).
4	Section 13. 29.091 of the statutes is renumbered 29.091 (1) and amended to
5	read:
6	29.091 (1) No person may hunt or trap within any wildlife refuge established
7	under s. 23.09 (2) (b) or 29.621 (1), or except as provided in sub. (2), have possession
8	or control of any gun, firearm, bow or crossbow unless the gun or firearm is unloaded,
9	the bow or crossbow is unstrung and the gun, firearm, bow or crossbow is enclosed
10	within a carrying case. The taking of predatory game birds and animals shall be done
11	as the department directs. All state wildlife refuge boundary lines shall be marked
12	by posts placed at intervals of not over 500 feet and bearing signs with the words
13	"Wisconsin Wildlife Refuge".
14	Section 14. 29.091 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
15	29.091 (2) The prohibition in sub. (1), as it relates to the possession or control
16	of a loaded or unencased gun or firearm within a refuge established under s. 23.09
17	(2) (b), does not apply to any of the following:
18	(a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law
19	enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
20	(b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)
21	(e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
22	(c) A former law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s.
23	941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 5. applies.

1	(d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as
2	defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the gun or firearm is a handgun, as defined in s. 175.60
3	(1) (bm).
4	Section 15. 29.314 (3) (b) 1. of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
5	29.314 (3) (b) 1. To any of the following:
6	a. A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law
7	enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
8	b. A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)
9	(e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
10	c. A former law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s.
11	941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 5. applies.
12	d. A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as
13	defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the firearm is a handgun, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (bm).
14	Section 16. 29.314 (4) (b) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 29.314 (4) (b) 1r. and
15	amended to read:
16	29.314 (4) (b) 1r. To -a peace officer on official business, an employee of the
17	department on official business or a person authorized by the department to conduct
18	a game census.
19	SECTION 17. 29.314 (4) (b) 1g. of the statutes is created to read:
20	29.314 (4) (b) 1g. To any person under sub. (3) (b) 1.
21	SECTION 18. 29.621 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 29.621 (4) (intro.) and
22	amended to read:
23	29.621 (4) PROTECTION. (intro.) Except as provided in s. 29.091 (1), no owner
24	of a wildlife refuge, and no other person, may hunt or trap within the boundaries of
25	any wildlife refuge or have in his or her possession or under his or her control in the

1	wildlife refuge a gun, firearm, bow or crossbow, unless the gun or firearm is unloaded,
2	the bow or crossbow is unstrung and the gun, firearm, bow or crossbow is enclosed
3	within a carrying case. Nothing in this section may prohibit, prevent or interfere
4	with the department in the destruction of injurious animals. This subsection, as it
5	relates to the possession or control of a loaded or unencased firearm, does not apply
6	to any of the following:
7	Section 19. 29.621 (4) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
8	29.621 (4) (a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a
9	law enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
10	SECTION 20. 29.621 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
11	29.621 (4) (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s.
12	941.23 (1) (e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
13	SECTION 21. 29.621 (4) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
14	29.621 (4) (c) A former law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c),
15	to whom s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 5. applies.
16	Section 22. 29.621 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
17	29.621 (4) (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
18	licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the gun or firearm is a handgun, as defined
19	in s. 175.60 (1) (bm).
20	SECTION 23. 29.621 (6) of the statutes is created to read:
21	29.621 (6) Injurious animals. Nothing in this section may prohibit, prevent,
22	or interfere with the department in the destruction of injurious animals.
23	SECTION 24. 48.685 (2) (bb) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	48.685 (2) (bb) If information obtained under par. (am) or (b) 1. indicates a
25	charge of a serious crime, but does not completely and clearly indicate the final

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disposition of the charge, the department, county department, agency contracted with under s. 48.651 (2), child welfare agency, school board, or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to determine the final disposition of the charge. If a background information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am) indicates a charge or a conviction of a serious crime, but information obtained under par. (am) or (b) 1. does not indicate such a charge or conviction, the department, county department, agency contracted with under s. 48.651 (2), child welfare agency, school board, or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and the final disposition of the complaint. If information obtained under par. (am) or (b) 1., a background information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am), or any other information indicates a conviction of a violation of s. 940.19 (1), 940.195, 940.20, 941.30, 942.08, 947.01 (1), or 947.013 obtained not more than 5 years before the date on which that information was obtained, the department, county department, agency contracted with under s. 48.651 (2), child welfare agency, school board, or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and judgment of conviction relating to that violation.

Section 25. 50.065 (2) (bb) of the statutes is amended to read:

50.065 (2) (bb) If information obtained under par. (am) or (b) indicates a charge of a serious crime, but does not completely and clearly indicate the final disposition of the charge, the department or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to determine the final disposition of the charge. If a background information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am), or any disclosure made pursuant to a disclosure policy described under sub. (6) (am), indicates a charge or a conviction of a serious crime, but information obtained under par. (am) or (b) does not indicate

such a charge or conviction, the department or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and the final disposition of the complaint. If information obtained under par. (am) or (b), a background information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am), any disclosure made pursuant to a disclosure policy described under sub. (6) (am), or any other information indicates a conviction of a violation of s. 940.19 (1), 940.195, 940.20, 941.30, 942.08, 947.01 (1), or 947.013 obtained not more than 5 years before the date on which that information was obtained, the department or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and judgment of conviction relating to that violation.

Section 26. 59.54 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.54 **(6)** Peace and order. The board may enact and enforce ordinances to preserve the public peace and good order within the county including, but not limited by enumeration, ordinances prohibiting conduct that is the same as or similar to conduct that is prohibited by ss. 947.01 (1) and 947.02, and provide a forfeiture for a violation of the ordinances.

SECTION 27. 66.0409 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0409 **(3)** (b) Nothing in this section prohibits a city, village or town that is authorized to exercise village powers under s. 60.22 (3) from enacting an ordinance or adopting a resolution that restricts the discharge of a firearm. Any ordinance or resolution that restricts the discharge of a firearm does not apply and may not be enforced if the actor's conduct is justified or, had it been subject to a criminal penalty, would have been subject to a defense described in s. 939.45.

Section 28. 66.0409 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

66.0409 **(6)** No person may be in violation of, or be charged with a violation of, an ordinance of a political subdivision relating to disorderly conduct or other inappropriate behavior for loading, carrying, or going armed with a handgun, as defined in s. 175.35 (1) (b) without regard to whether the handgun is loaded or is concealed or openly carried. Any ordinance in violation of this subsection does not apply and may not be enforced.

Section 29. 165.25 (12) of the statutes is created to read:

165.25 **(12)** Rules regarding concealed weapons licenses. Promulgate by rule a list of states that issue a permit, license, approval, or other authorization to carry a concealed weapon if the permit, license, approval, or other authorization requires, or designates that the holder chose to submit to, a background search that is comparable to a background check as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (ac).

Section 30. 165.60 of the statutes is amended to read:

165.60 Law enforcement. The department of justice is authorized to enforce ss. 101.123 (2), (2m), and (8), 175.60 (17) (e), 944.30, 944.31, 944.33, 944.34, 945.02 (2), 945.03 (1m), and 945.04 (1m) and ch. 108 and, with respect to a false statement submitted or made under s. 175.60 (7) (b) or (15) (b) 2., to enforce s. 946.32 and is invested with the powers conferred by law upon sheriffs and municipal police officers in the performance of those duties. This section does not deprive or relieve sheriffs, constables, and other local police officers of the power and duty to enforce those sections, and those officers shall likewise enforce those sections.

SECTION 31. 165.81 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

165.81 **(2)** Any electric weapon, as defined in s. 941.295 **(4)** <u>(1c)</u> <u>(a)</u>, in the possession of the laboratories shall either be destroyed or <u>be</u> turned over to an agency authorized to have electric weapons under s. 941.295 (2).

1	Section 32. 165.82 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	165.82 (1) (intro.) Notwithstanding s. 19.35 (3), the department of justice shall
3	impose the following fees, plus any surcharge required under sub. (1m), for criminal
4	history searches for purposes unrelated to criminal justice or to s. 175.35, 175.49, or
5	<u>175.60</u> :
6	Section 33. 165.82 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	165.82 (2) Except as provided in s. 175.35, the <u>The</u> department of justice shall
8	not impose fees for criminal history searches for purposes related to criminal justice.
9	Section 34. 167.30 of the statutes is renumbered 167.30 (1).
10	Section 35. 167.30 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
11	167.30 (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to the discharge of a firearm if the
12	actor's conduct is justified or, had it been subject to a criminal penalty, would have
13	been subject to a defense described in s. 939.45.
14	Section 36. 167.31 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	167.31 (1) (b) "Encased" means enclosed in a case that is expressly made for
16	the purpose of containing a firearm and that is completely zipped, snapped, buckled,
17	tied or otherwise fastened with no part of the firearm exposed.
18	Section 37. 167.31 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	167.31 (2) (a) Except as provided in sub. (4), no person may place, possess or
20	transport a firearm, bow or crossbow in or on a motorboat with the motor running,
21	unless the firearm is unloaded or unless the bow or crossbow is unstrung or is
22	enclosed in a carrying case.
23	Section 38. 167.31 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	167.31 (2) (b) Except as provided in sub. (4), no person may place, possess or
25	transport a firearm, bow or crossbow in or on a vehicle, unless the firearm is unloaded

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1	and encased or unless the bow or crossbow is unstrung or is enclosed in a carrying
2	case.
3	SECTION 39. 167.31 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	167.31 (3) (a) Except as provided in sub. (4), no person may place, possess or
5	transport a firearm, bow or crossbow in or on an aircraft, unless the firearm is
6	unloaded and encased or unless the bow or crossbow is unstrung or is enclosed in a
7	carrying case.
8	Section 40. 167.31 (4) (ar) of the statutes is created to read:
9	167.31 (4) (ar) Subsection (2) (a), (b), and (c), and, if the aircraft is not a
10	commercial aircraft, sub. (3) (a) and (b), do not apply to the placement, possession,
11	transportation, or loading of a firearm by any of the following:
12	1. A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law
13	enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
14	2. A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)
15	(e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
16	3. A former law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s.
17	941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 5. applies.
18	4. A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as
19	defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g).
20	SECTION 41. 167.31 (4) (at) of the statutes is created to read:
21	167.31 (4) (at) Subsections (2) (c) and (d) and (3) (b) do not apply to the

discharge of a firearm if the actor's conduct is justified or, had it been subject to a

criminal penalty, would have been subject to a defense described in s. 939.45.

Section 42. 167.31 (4) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	167.31 (4) (cm) For purposes of pars. (c) and (cg), the exemption from sub. (2)
2	(b) under these paragraphs $\frac{1}{2}$ applies $\frac{1}{2}$ to the firearm, $\frac{1}{2}$ bow or $\frac{1}{2}$ being
3	used for hunting by the holder of the Class A or Class B permit under s. 29.193 (2).
4	SECTION 43. 175.48 of the statutes is created to read:
5	175.48 Law enforcement officer identification cards. (1) In this section,
6	"Wisconsin law enforcement agency" has the meaning given in s. 175.46 (1) (f).
7	(2) If a Wisconsin law enforcement agency issues photographic identification
8	cards to its officers, it may not require an officer to relinquish his or her card when
9	the officer ends service with the Wisconsin law enforcement agency unless one of the
10	following applies:
11	(a) The officer may not lawfully possess a firearm under federal law.
12	(b) The officer did not end his or her service as a law enforcement officer with
13	the agency in good standing.
14	(c) The officer was regularly employed as a law enforcement officer for an
15	aggregate of less than 10 years. This paragraph does not apply if the officer, after
16	completing any applicable probationary period of service with the agency, ended his
17	or her service with the agency due to a service-connected disability, as determined
18	by the agency.
19	(d) 1. A qualified medical professional employed by the law enforcement agency
20	has found the officer to be unqualified to be a law enforcement officer due to the
21	officer's mental health.
22	2. The officer has entered into an agreement with the law enforcement agency
23	from which he or she is ending service in which the officer acknowledges that he or
24	she is not qualified to be a law enforcement officer due to the officer's mental health

and in which the officer declines the photographic identification for that reason.

- (3) Unless sub. (2) (a), (b), (c), or (d) applies, if a Wisconsin law enforcement agency does not issue photographic identification cards to its officers, it shall issue such a card to an officer formerly employed by that agency upon the former officer's request and at his or her expense.
- **(4)** This section does not restrict a former officer's right to go armed with a firearm that is not concealed.
 - **Section 44.** 175.49 of the statutes is created to read:
- 175.49 Former law enforcement officers seeking to carry concealed weapons. (1) Definitions. In this section:
 - (a) "Department" means the department of justice.
- (b) "Former employer" means the law enforcement agency that employed the law enforcement officer immediately before the law enforcement officer ended law enforcement service.
- (c) "Law enforcement officer" means a person who is employed by a public agency in the United States for the purpose of engaging in, or supervising others engaging in, the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law and who has statutory powers of arrest.
- (2) Issuance of Certification. Subject to sub. (3), the department shall issue and provide a former law enforcement officer, upon request and at his or her own expense, an identification card that contains the information specified in sub. (4) (b) and that certifies all of the following:
- (a) That the department has found that the former officer has met the standards for qualification in firearms training that the former officer's former employer, or, if the former employer does not set standards, the state, sets for active

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1	duty law enforcement officers to carry a revolver or semiautomatic pistol, whichever
2	the former officer used to qualify.
3	(b) The date on which the department made the finding under par. (a).
4	(3) Prerequisites for department action. (a) Subsection (2) does not apply
5	with respect to a person requesting an identification card unless all of the following
6	apply:
7	1. The person ended his or her service as a law enforcement officer in good
8	standing.
9	2. At least one of the following applies:
10	a. Before leaving law enforcement service, the person was regularly employed
11	as a law enforcement officer for an aggregate of 10 years or more.
12	b. The person completed any applicable probationary period of service with his
13	or her former employer and ended his or her service due to a service-connected
14	disability, as determined by his or her former employer.
15	3. The person is not prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal law and
16	is not a person specified in s. 941.29 (1) (a), (b), (bm), (c), (d), or (g) or specified in s.
17	941.29 (1) (e) or (em), unless s. 941.29 (9) (a) or (b) exempts the person from s. 941.29.
18	4. The person is a resident of this state.
19	5. A qualified medical professional employed by the law enforcement agency
20	has not found the person to be unqualified to be a law enforcement officer due to the
21	person's mental health.
22	6. The person has not entered into an agreement with the law enforcement
23	agency from which he or she is ending service in which the person acknowledges that
24	he or she is not qualified to be a law enforcement officer due to the person's mental

health and in which the person declines the identification card for that reason.

- (b) The department may require a person to sign appropriate consents for release of information to enable it to confirm that he or she meets all of the prerequisites under this subsection for the department to act under sub. (2).
- (c) In addition to other fees authorized under sub. (2), the department may require a person to pay a fee, not to exceed the department's costs, for verifying his or her employment history under par. (a) 1., 2., 5., or 6. and making a determination under par. (a) 3.
- (4) IDENTIFICATION CARD; CONTENTS AND PRODUCTION. (a) Subject to pars. (b), (c), and (d), the department shall design a single document for identification cards issued under this section. The department shall complete the design of the identification card document no later than the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph [LRB inserts date].
- (b) In addition to the information certified under sub. (2), an identification card issued under this section shall contain all of the following on one side:
 - 1. The full name, date of birth, and residence address of the former officer.
- 2. A physical description of the former officer, including sex, height, and eye color.
 - 3. The name of this state.
- (c) An identification card issued under this section may not contain the former officer's social security number.
- (d) 1. The contents of the identification card issued under this section shall be included in the document in substantially the same way that the contents of an operator's license document issued under s. 343.17 are included in that document.

1	2. The identification card issued under this section shall be tamper proof in
2	substantially the same way that the operator's license is tamper proof under s.
3	343.17 (2).
4	(e) The department of justice may contract with the department of
5	transportation to produce and issue identification cards under this section. Neither
6	the department of transportation nor any employee of the department of
7	transportation may store, maintain, or access the information provided by the
8	department of justice for the production or issuance of identification cards other than
9	to the extent necessary to produce or issue the identification cards.
10	(5) Going armed with a firearm. This section does not limit a former officer's
11	right to go armed with a firearm that is not concealed.
12	Section 45. 175.60 of the statutes is created to read:
13	175.60 License to carry a concealed weapon. (1) Definitions. In this
13 14	175.60 License to carry a concealed weapon. (1) Definitions. In this section:
	section:
14	section:
14 15	section: (ab) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v).
141516	(ab) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v). (ac) "Background check" means the searches the department conducts under
14151617	(ab) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v). (ac) "Background check" means the searches the department conducts under sub. (9g) to determine a person's eligibility for a license to carry a concealed weapon.
14 15 16 17 18	(ab) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v). (ac) "Background check" means the searches the department conducts under sub. (9g) to determine a person's eligibility for a license to carry a concealed weapon. (ag) "Carry" means to go armed with.
14 15 16 17 18	(ab) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v). (ac) "Background check" means the searches the department conducts under sub. (9g) to determine a person's eligibility for a license to carry a concealed weapon. (ag) "Carry" means to go armed with. (ah) "Controlled substance" means a controlled substance, as defined in s.
14 15 16 17 18 19	(ab) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v). (ac) "Background check" means the searches the department conducts under sub. (9g) to determine a person's eligibility for a license to carry a concealed weapon. (ag) "Carry" means to go armed with. (ah) "Controlled substance" means a controlled substance, as defined in s. 961.01 (4), or a controlled substance analog, as defined in s. 961.01 (4m).
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(ab) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v). (ac) "Background check" means the searches the department conducts under sub. (9g) to determine a person's eligibility for a license to carry a concealed weapon. (ag) "Carry" means to go armed with. (ah) "Controlled substance" means a controlled substance, as defined in s. 961.01 (4), or a controlled substance analog, as defined in s. 961.01 (4m). (b) "Department" means the department of justice.

1	include a machine gun, as defined in s. 941.27 (1), a short-barreled rifle, as defined
2	in s. 941.28 (1) (b), or a short–barreled shotgun, as defined in s. 941.28 (1) (c).
3	(bq) "Intoxicant" means any alcohol beverage, controlled substance, or other
4	drug, or any combination thereof.
5	(bv) "Law enforcement agency" does not include the department.
6	(c) "Law enforcement officer" has the meaning given in s. 165.85 (2) (c).
7	(d) "Licensee" means an individual holding a valid license to carry a concealed
8	weapon issued under this section.
9	(e) "Motor vehicle" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (35).
10	(f) "Out-of-state license" means a valid permit, license, approval, or other
11	authorization issued by another state if all of the following apply:
12	1. The permit, license, approval, or other authorization is for the carrying of a
13	concealed weapon.
14	2. The state is listed in the rule promulgated by the department under s. 165.25
15	(12) and, if that state does not require a background search for the permit, license,
16	approval, or authorization, the permit, license, approval, or authorization
17	designates that the holder chose to submit to a background search.
18	(g) "Out-of-state licensee" means an individual who is 21 years of age or over,
19 20	who is not a Wisconsin resident, and who has been issued an out-of-state license. (h) (Photographic identification card" means an operator's license issued
21	under ch. 343 or an identification card issued under s. 343.50.
22	(h) "Private property" has the meaning given in s. 943.13 (1e) (e).
23	(i) "State identification card number" means the unique identifying driver
24	number assigned to a person by the department of transportation under s. 343.17 (3)

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1	(a) 4. or, if the person has no driver number, the number assigned to the person on
2	an identification card issued under s. 343.50.
3	(j) "Weapon" means a handgun, an electric weapon, as defined in s. 941.295 (4),
4	a knife other than a switchblade knife under s. 941.24, or a billy club.
5	(2) ISSUANCE AND SCOPE OF LICENSE. (a) The department shall issue a license
6	to carry a concealed weapon to any individual who is not disqualified under sub. (3)
7	and who completes the application process specified in sub. (7). A license to carry a
8	concealed weapon issued under this section shall meet the requirements specified in
9	sub. (2m).
10	(b) The department may not impose conditions, limitations, or requirements
11	that are not expressly provided for in this section on the issuance, scope, effect, or
12	content of a license.
13	(c) Unless expressly provided in this section, this section does not limit an
14	individual's right to carry a firearm that is not concealed.
15	(2g) Carrying a concealed weapon; possession and display of license
16	DOCUMENT OR AUTHORIZATION. (a) A licensee or an out-of-state licensee may carry a
17	concealed weapon anywhere in this state except as provided under subs. (15m) and
18	(16) and ss. 943.13 (1m) (c) and 948.605 (2) (b) 1m.
19	(b) Unless the licensee or out-of-state licensee is carrying a concealed weapon
20	in a manner described under s. 941.23 (2) (e), a licensee shall have with him or her
21	his or her license document and photographic identification card and an out-of-state
22	licensee shall have with him or her his or her out-of-state license at all times during
23	which he or she is carrying a concealed weapon.

(c) Unless the licensee or out–of–state licensee is carrying a concealed weapon

in a manner described under s. 941.23 (2) (e), a licensee who is carrying a concealed

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weapon shall display his or her license document and photographic identification
card and an out-of-state licensee who is carrying a concealed weapon shall display
his or her out-of-state license to a law enforcement officer upon the request of the
law enforcement officer.

- (2m) LICENSE DOCUMENT; CONTENT OF LICENSE. (a) Subject to pars. (b), (bm), (c), and (d), the department shall design a single license document for licenses issued and renewed under this section. The department shall complete the design of the license document no later than the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph [LRB inserts date].
- (b) A license document for a license issued under this section shall contain all of the following on one side:
 - 1. The full name, date of birth, and residence address of the licensee.
- 2. A physical description of the licensee, including sex, height, hair color, and eye color.
 - 3. The date on which the license was issued.
 - 4. The date on which the license expires.
 - 5. The name of this state.
 - 6. A unique identification number for each licensee.
- (bm) The reverse side of a license document issued under this section shall contain the requirement under sub. (11) (b) that the licensee shall inform the department of any address change no later than 30 days after his or her address changes and the penalty for a violation of the requirement.
 - (c) The license document may not contain the licensee's social security number.

1	(d) 1. The contents of the license document shall be included in the document
2	in substantially the same way that the contents of an operator's license document
3	issued under s. 343.17 are included in that document.
4	2. The identification card issued under this section shall be tamper proof in
5	substantially the same way that the operator's license is tamper proof under s.
6	343.17 (2).
7	(e) The department of justice may contract with the department of
8	transportation to produce and issue identification cards under this section. Neither
9	the department of transportation nor any employee of the department of
10	transportation may store, maintain, or access the information provided by the
11	department of justice for the production or issuance of identification cards other than
12	to the extent necessary to produce or issue the identification cards.
13	(3) RESTRICTIONS ON ISSUING A LICENSE. The department shall issue a license
14	under this section to an individual who submits an application under sub. (7) unless
15	any of the following applies:
16	(a) The individual is less than 21 years of age.
17	(b) The individual is prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm
18	that has been transported in interstate or foreign commerce.
19	(c) The individual is prohibited from possessing a firearm under s. 941.29.
20	(d) The individual is not a Wisconsin resident.
21	(5) Application and renewal forms. (a) The department shall design an
22	application form for use by individuals who apply for a license under this section and
23	a renewal form for use by individuals applying for renewal of a license under sub.
24	(15). The department shall complete the design of the application form no later than
25	the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph

- [LRB inserts date], and shall complete the design of the renewal form no later than the first day of the 36th month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph [LRB inserts date]. The forms shall require the applicant to provide only his or her name, address, date of birth, state identification card number, race, sex, height, hair color, and eye color and shall include all of the following:
- 1. A statement that the applicant is ineligible for a license if sub. (3) (a), (b), (c), or (d) applies to the applicant.
- 2. A statement explaining self-defense and defense of others under s. 939.48, with a place for the applicant to sign his or her name to indicate that he or she has read and understands the statement.
- 3. A statement, with a place for the applicant to sign his or her name, to indicate that the applicant has read and understands the requirements of this section.
- 4. A statement that an applicant may be prosecuted if he or she intentionally gives a false answer to any question on the application or intentionally submits a falsified document with the application.
- 5. A statement of the penalties for intentionally giving a false answer to any question on the application or intentionally submitting a falsified document with the application.
- (b) The department shall make the forms described in this subsection available on the Internet and, upon request, by mail.
- (7) Submission of application. An individual may apply for a license under this section with the department by submitting, by mail or other means made available by the department, to the department all of the following:
 - (a) A completed application in the form prescribed under sub. (5) (a).

1	(b) A statement that states that the information that he or she is providing in
2	the application submitted under par. (a) and any document submitted with the
3	application is true and complete to the best of his or her knowledge.
4	(c) A license fee in an amount, as determined by the department by rule, that
5	is equal to the cost of issuing the license but does not exceed \$52. The department
6	shall determine the costs of issuing a license by using a 5-year planning period.
7	(d) A fee for a background check that is equal to the fee charged under s. 175.35
8	(2i).
9	(9) PROCESSING OF APPLICATION. (a) Upon receiving an application submitted
10	under sub. (7), the department shall conduct a background check.
11	(b) Within 21 days after receiving a complete application under sub. (7), the
12	department shall do one of the following:
13	1. Issue the license and promptly send the licensee his or her license document
14	by 1st class mail.
15	2. Deny the application, but only if sub. (3) (a), (b), (c), or (d) applies to the
16	applicant. If the department denies the application, the department shall inform the
17	applicant in writing, stating the reason and factual basis for the denial.
18	(9g) BACKGROUND CHECKS. (a) The department shall conduct a background
19	check regarding an applicant for a license using the following procedure:
20	1. The department shall create a confirmation number associated with the
21	applicant.
22	2. The department shall use the transaction information for management of
23	enforcement system and the national crime information center system.
24	3. As soon as practicable, the department shall do the following:

(4).

1	a. If the background check indicates sub. (3) (b) or (c) applies to the applicant
2	create a unique nonapproval number for the applicant.
(3)	b. If the completed background check does not indicate that sub. (3) (b) or (c)
4	applies to the applicant, create a unique approval number for the applicant.
5	(b) The department shall maintain a record of all completed application forms
6	and a record of all approval or nonapproval numbers regarding background checks
7	under this subsection.
8	(9r) EMERGENCY LICENSE. (a) An individual who requires an immediate license
9	may petition the court in the county in which he or she resides for such a license
10	Unless the court knows that the individual is ineligible for a license under sub. (3)
11	a court may issue a temporary license to an individual if the court determines that
12	immediate licensure is warranted to protect the individual from death or great bodily
13	harm, as defined in s. 939.22 (14).
14	(b) An emergency license issued under this subsection is valid for 30 days
15	unless revoked under par. (c).
16	(c) If the holder of an emergency license issued under par. (a) applies for a
17	license under sub. (7) and is determined to be ineligible under sub. (3) for a license
18	the emergency license is void.
19	(11) UPDATED INFORMATION. (a) 1. In this paragraph:
20	a. "Clerk" means the clerk of the circuit court or, if it has enacted a law or ar
21	ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63, the clerk of the court for a federally
22	recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state, a city, a village, or a town.
23	b. "Court automated information systems" means the systems under s. 758.19

1	2. The court automated information systems, or the clerk or register in probate,
2	if the information is not contained in or cannot be transmitted by the court
3	automated information systems, shall promptly notify the department of the name
4	of any individual with respect to whom any of the following occurs and the specific
5	reason for the notification:
6	a. The individual is found by a court to have committed a felony or any other
7	crime that would disqualify the individual from having a license under this section.
8	b. The individual is found incompetent under s. 971.14.
9	c. The individual is found not guilty of any crime by reason of mental disease
10	or mental defect under s. 971.17.
11	d. The individual is involuntarily committed for treatment under s. 51.20 or
12	51.45.
13	e. The individual is found incompetent under ch. 54.
14	f. The individual becomes subject to an injunction described in s. 941.29 (1) (f)
15	or is ordered not to possess a firearm under s. 813.125 (4m).
16	g. A court has prohibited the individual from possessing a dangerous weapon
17	under s. 969.02 (3) (c).
18	h. A court has ordered the individual not to possess a firearm under s. 51.20
19	(13) (cv) 1., 51.45 (13) (i) 1., 54.10 (3) (f) 1., or 55.12 (10) (a).
20	3. Upon receiving a notice under subd. 2., the department shall immediately
21	determine if the individual who is the subject of the notice is a licensee, using the list
22	maintained under sub. (12) (a).
23	(b) 1. No later than 30 days after changing his or her address, a licensee shall
24	inform the department of the new address. The department shall include the
25	individual's new address in the list under sub. (12) (a).

- 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., for a first violation of subd. 1., the department must issue the licensee a warning.
- 3. If an individual is in violation of subd. 1. and his or her license has been suspended or revoked under sub. (14), the individual is subject to the penalty under sub. (17) (ac).
- 4. A licensee may not be charged with a violation of subd. 1. if the department learns of the violation when the licensee informs the department of the address change.
- (12) Maintenance, use, and publication of records by the department. (a) The department shall maintain a computerized record listing the names and the information specified in sub. (2m) (b) of all individuals who have been issued a license under this section. Subject to par. (b) 2., neither the department nor any employee of the department may store, maintain, format, sort, or access the information in any way other than by the names, dates of birth, or sex of licensees or by the identification numbers assigned to licensees under sub. (2m) (b) 6.
- (b) A law enforcement officer may not request or be provided information under par. (a) concerning a specific licensee except for one of the following purposes:
- 1. To confirm that a license produced by an individual at the request of a law enforcement officer is valid.
- 2. If an individual is carrying a concealed weapon and claims to hold a valid license issued under this section but does not have his or her license document, to confirm that the individual holds a valid license under this section.
- 3. To investigate whether an individual submitted an intentionally false statement under sub. (7) (b) or (15) (b) 2.
 - 4. To investigate whether an individual complied with sub. (14) (b) 3.